

50/50

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Date of issue: 02/14/2017 Revision date: 05/15/2017 Version: 2.0

## **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture

Product name : DefendAL UNIVERSAL ANTIFREEZE/COOLANT 50/50

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use : Anti-Freeze and De-icing products

Restrictions on use : Must not come into contact with food or be consumed.

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

KOST® USA, Inc. 1000 Tennessee Ave. Cincinnati, 45229 - USA

T 1-800-661-9391 - F 1-513-492-5555 sales@kostusa.com - www.kostusa.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : 1-800-424-9300

CHEMTREC (24 HOURS)

## SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **GHS-US** classification

Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4 H302
Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B H360
Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Category 2 H373

Full text of H statements: see section 16

#### 2.2. Label elements

## **GHS-US labelling**

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)





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Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Contains : Ethylene glycol; sodium nitrite; disodium tetraborate, anhydrous; disodium metasilicate; sodium

tolyltriazole; sodium nitrate; Lithium hydroxide hydrate; denatonium benzoate

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P260 - Do not breathe mist, spray, vapours

P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product P280 - Wear eye protection, protective gloves, protective clothing P301+P312 - If swallowed: Call a doctor if you feel unwell

P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell

P330 - Rinse mouth P405 - Store locked up

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in

accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation

## 2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

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### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

0% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Oral)

0% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Dermal)

0% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Inhalation (Dust/Mist))

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Ethylene glycol	(CAS-No.) 107-21-1	50 - 55	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 STOT RE 2, H373
disodium tetraborate, anhydrous	(CAS-No.) 1330-43-4	0.01 - 0.2	Repr. 1B, H360 STOT RE 2, H373

<sup>\*</sup>Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after inhalation : If inhaled and if breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin area with mild soap and water, followed

by warm water rinse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash with plenty of soap and

water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if

pain, blinking or redness persists.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Drink

plenty of water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : Inhalation may cause: irritation, coughing, shortness of breath. Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Repeated or prolonged contact may cause skin irritation.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : May cause slight irritation. Symptoms may include pain, blinking, tears and redness.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Harmful if swallowed. Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health

hazard.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Large fires: Water fog. Water spray. Small fires: Carbon dioxide. Dry powder. Sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Explosion hazard : Product is not explosive.

Reactivity : No dangerous reactions known.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any

chemical fire.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing. Wear a self contained breathing apparatus.

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#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapour and mist. Danger of slipping on

leaked or spilled product.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves. neoprene. natural rubber gloves. Chemical

goggles or safety glasses.

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves. Neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Chemical

goggles or safety glasses.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow large quantities, as are, to spread into the environment. Do not discharge into drains or rivers.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material, then place in suitable container. Contain any

spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Do not

allow minor leaks or spills to accumulate on walking surfaces.

Methods for cleaning up : Take up in non-combustible absorbent material and shove into container for disposal.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Section 13: disposal information. Section 7: safe handling. Section 8: personal protective equipment.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Avoid breathing fume/mist/vapours/spray. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not eat, drink or

smoke when using this product. Handle in a well-ventilated area. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapour. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain special

instructions before use.

Hygiene measures : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands and other exposed areas with

mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before

reuse.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool well ventilated place. Keep container closed when

not in use. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Do not store

near food, foodstuffs, drugs, or potable water supplies.

Incompatible products : Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Strong bases.

Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

## 8.1. Control parameters

Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)			
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	100 mg/m³	
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (ppm)	39.4 ppm	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Kidney dam; URT & eye irr	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (ppm)	50 ppm	
disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (1330-43-4)			
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³	
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m³)	6 mg/m³	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Varies URT irr	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ 10 hours	

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Skin and body protection

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#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Avoid creating mist or spray. Avoid splashing. Provide local exhaust ventilation of closed

transfer systems to minimize exposures.

Hand protection : Wear suitable gloves resistant to chemical penetration. neoprene/natural rubber.

Eye protection : In case of splashing or aerosol production: protective goggles. Chemical goggles or face shield.

: Wear suitable protective clothing. Impervious clothing. Use safety shoes resistant to chemical

products

Respiratory protection : In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Use an approved

respirator equipped with oil/mist cartridges.

Consumer exposure controls : Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing.

Other information : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Colour : Green
Odour : characteristic
Odour threshold : No data available

pH : 10.8 Melting point : -38 °C Freezing point : -36 °C Boiling point : >197 °C Flash point : >116 °C

Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : No data available Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

Explosive limits : 3.2 vol %

Not determined

Explosive properties : Product is not explosive.

Oxidising properties : No oxidizing properties.

Vapour pressure : < 0.1 mm Hg (@ 20°C)

Relative density : No data available

Relative vapour density at 20 °C : > 1

Solubility : Material highly soluble in water.

Log Pow : No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : 427 °C

Decomposition temperature : No data available Viscosity : No data available Viscosity, kinematic : No data available Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

## 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

## 10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reactions known.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Exposure to extremely high temperatures.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong bases. Strong acids.

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#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide. Nitrogen oxides. Aldehydes. alcohols. Ethers. ammonia.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Likely routes of exposure : Skin and eye contact; Inhalation Acute toxicity : Oral: Harmful if swallowed.

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DefendAL UNIVERSAL ANTIFREEZE/COOLANT 50/50			
ATE US (oral)	961.830393365 mg/kg bodyweight		
Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)			
LD50 oral rat	500 mg/kg		
LD50 dermal rat	> 3500 mg/kg mouse		
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 2.5 mg/l/4h		
ATE US (oral)	500 mg/kg bodyweight		
disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (13	30-43-4)		
LD50 oral rat	3450 mg/kg male		
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg		
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 2.03 mg/l 5h		
ATE US (oral)	3450 mg/kg bodyweight		
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified		
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified		
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified		
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified		
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified		

Reproductive toxicity : May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated

exposure)

: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)				
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	1000 mg/kg bodyweight/day			
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	150 mg/kg bodyweight/day kidney			
disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (1330-43-4)				
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	58.5 mg/kg bodyweight/day			
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	17.5 mg/kg bodyweight/day			
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified			
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: Inhalation may cause: irritation, coughing, shortness of breath.			
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Repeated or prolonged contact may cause skin irritation.			
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: May cause slight irritation. Symptoms may include pain, blinking, tears and redness.			
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed. Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health			

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : No ecotoxicological data about this product are known.

Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)			
LC50 fish 1 72860 mg/l Pimephales promelas			
EC50 Daphnia 1 > 100 mg/l			
NOEC chronic fish 15380 mg/l Pimephales promelas			
NOEC chronic crustacea	8590 mg/l Ceriodaphnia sp.		
disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (1330-43-4)			
LC50 fish 1 74 mg/l 96h Limanda limanda			

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#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

DefendAL UNIVERSAL ANTIFREEZE/COOLANT 50/50		
Persistence and degradability Not established.		
Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)		
Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable.		
Biodegradation > 60 % 28 d		

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

DefendAL UNIVERSAL ANTIFREEZE/COOLANT 50/50		
Bioaccumulative potential Does not biaccumulate significantly.		
Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)		
Log Pow -1.36		
Bioaccumulative potential Not expected to bioaccumulate.		

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

DefendAL UNIVERSAL ANTIFREEZE/COOLANT 50/50			
Ecology - soil	Dissolves in water. If products enter soil, will be highly mobile and may contaminate ground water.		

#### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on the global warming : No known effects from this product.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Sewage disposal recommendations

: Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Waste disposal recommendations

: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.

Additional information

In its present state, this product is not a hazardous waste according to Federal Regulations (40 CFFR261.4 (b)(4)). Container rinsate could be considered a RCRA hazardous waste and must be disposed of with care. Container contents should be completely used and containers should be emptied prior to discard. Larger empty containers, such as drums, should be returned to the

distributor or to a drum reconditioner.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### **Department of Transportation (DOT)**

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : RQ, UN3082 Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s. (Ethylene Glycol), 9, III

UN-No.(DOT) : UN3082

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s.

Ethylene Glycol

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 9 - Class 9 - Miscellaneous hazardous material 49 CFR 173.140

Packing group (DOT) : III - Minor Danger

Hazard labels (DOT) : 9 - Class 9 (Miscellaneous dangerous materials)



DOT Symbols : G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name

Other information :  $RQ \ge 9,780$  lbs.

Transport by sea

Not regulated.

Air transport

Not regulated.

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

## 15.1. US Federal regulations

DefendAL UNIVERSAL ANTIFREEZE/COOLANT 50/50		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	30-100%	

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Ethylene glycol	CAS-No. 107-21-1	50 - 55%
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Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)		
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	>95%	

#### 15.2. International regulations

#### CANADA

## Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.

#### disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (1330-43-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.

#### **EU-Regulations**

#### Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

### disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (1330-43-4)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

#### National regulations

### Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on Taiwan National Chemical Inventory

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

## disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (1330-43-4)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on Taiwan National Chemical Inventory

Listed on KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

## 15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product contains, or may contain, trace quantities of a substance(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

Ethylene glycol (107-2	1-1)			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	Yes	No	No	

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### Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)

- U.S. Delaware Pollutant Discharge Requirements Reportable Quantities
- U.S. Idaho Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants Acceptable Ambient Concentrations
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. New York Reporting of Releases Part 597 List of Hazardous Substances
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Disclaimer:

Although reasonable care has been taken in the preparation of this document, we extend no warranties and make no representations as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein, and assume no responsibility regarding the suitability of this information for the user's intended purposes or for the consequences of its use. Each individual should make a determination as to the suitability of the information for their particular purpose(s).

End-use applications **NOT** supported by KOST® USA, Inc. for monoethylene glycol, diethylene glycol and triethylene glycol. These limitations include products restricted by law, applications in which may raise unacceptable risks, and other applications which KOST® USA, Inc. has decided not to, including minimizing unnecessary risk and liabilities to the company. KOST® USA, Inc. does not knowingly market these products into these non-supported applications. This list is not all-inclusive, and KOST® USA, Inc. reserves the right to modify the same at any time.

- The use of production of tobacco and in the manufacture of tobacco products (including but not limited to additives, humectants, filters, inks, and paper)
- The use for the generation of artificial smoke / theatrical fogs / mist. This includes applications such as artificial / e-cigarettes.
- The use as ingredient in fuel for warming foods (Sterno<sup>™</sup>-like application) or in fuel for heating an enclosed space where human exposure is possible.
- The use in fire extinguishing sprinkler systems.
- The use in the manufacture of munitions.
- The use in the production of de-icers for use on roadways, sidewalks and in aircraft lavatories.
- The use as a component of heat transfer fluids in systems where the heat transfer fluids could infiltrate (i.e., via an exchanger leak, backflow
  prevention failure, or other means) a potable water.
- The use as a non-reacted component in a formulation for direct internal or external human / animal contact, including, but not limited to ingestion, inhalation, and skin contact and in medical / veterinary devices and medial / veterinary. Examples of some such applications are uses as a direct component in foods, beverages, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, personal care products or children's products.
- The use for consumer or hospital usage for deodorizing or air "purifying" purposes by spraying as an aerosol.
- The use as a non-reacted component in adhesives, plasticizers, and softening agents for packaging having direct contact with food or beverage.
- The use as a non-reacted component in the formulation of glues, pastes, ice / heat packs or other items where the potential for significant human contact and/or ingestion exists (including but not limited to children's school glue/paste or arts/craft glue/paste, toys, children products).
- The use as a fluid for pressure testing piping.

For more information contact your KOST® USA, Inc. representative.

Revision date : 05/15/2017
Data sources : ACGIH 2000.

European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) Registered Substances list. Accessed at

http://echa.europa.eu/.

Krister Forsberg and S.Z. Mansdorf, "Quick Selection Guide to Chemical Protective Clothing",

Fifth Edition.

National Fire Protection Association; Fire Protection Guide to Hazardous Materials; 10th

edition.

OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200 Hazard Communication Standard.

TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory. Accessed at

http://www.epa.gov/oppt/existingchemicals/pubs/tscainventory/howto.html.

Other information : None.

#### Full text of H-statements:

H302	Harmful if swallowed
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Abbreviations and acronyms:

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	ACCIVI (Associate Conference of Commence the Institute (Conference of Commence of Conference of Conf
	ACGIH (American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists)
	ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
	ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
	CAS (Chemical Abstracts Service) number
	CLP: Classification, Labelling, Packaging.
	EC50: Environmental Concentration associated with a response by 50% of the test population.
	GHS: Globally Harmonized System (of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals).
	LD50: Lethal Dose for 50% of the test population
	OSHA: Occupational Safety & Health Administration
	TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
	STEL: Short Term Exposure Limits
	TWA: Time Weighted Average
PA health hazard	: 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.

NFP/

NFPA fire hazard

: 1 - Materials that must be preheated before ignition can

NFPA reactivity

: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions,

and not reactive with water.



Indication of changes: General information.

SDS prepared by: The Redstone Group, LLC.

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